















ଖୋରସ୍ନୁଗୁଡ଼ାରୁ କୋଲକାତା ଉଡ଼ିଲା ବିମାନ  
ଦେଶପତ୍ର ହୋଇଥାଏଇବା ମିଳିଯଣି ଦେଶପତ୍ର ହୋଇଥାଏଇବା

## ଭୁବନେଶ୍ୱର, ୨୩୯(କୁୟଗେ)

ଖାରସୁଗୁଡ଼ା ବାର ସୁରେତ୍ର ସାଏ  
ବିମାନବଦରରୁ ସୋମବାର  
କୋଲକାତାରୁ ସିଧାସଳଖ ବିମାନ  
ଚଳାଚଳ ଆରମ୍ଭ ହୋଇଛି ।  
ଏଲାଏସ୍ ଏୟାର ପକ୍ଷରୁ ଏହି ବିମାନ  
ସେବା ଆରମ୍ଭ ହୋଇଛି । ବିମାନଟି  
କୋଲକାତାରୁ ପୂର୍ବାହ୍ନ ୧୧୮ ୪୫ରୁ  
ଛାତି ଖାରସୁଗୁଡ଼ାରେ ଅପରାହ୍ନ ୧୮  
୧୫ରେ ପହଞ୍ଚାର ଥିଲା ଏବଂ ପୁଣି  
ଖାରସୁଗୁଡ଼ା ଅପରାହ୍ନ ୧୮ ୪୫ରେ  
କୋଲକାତା ଅଭିମୁଖେ ଉଡ଼ାଣ କରିବାର  
ଥିଲା । କିନ୍ତୁ ସୋମବାର ଖାରସୁଗୁଡ଼ାରେ  
ମଧ୍ୟାହ୍ନ ୧୯୮ ୪୦ମିନିଟ୍‌ରେ  
ପହଞ୍ଚିଥିବାବେଳେ ଅପରାହ୍ନ ୧୮  
୨୫ମିନିଟ୍‌ରେ କୋଲକାତା ଅଭିମୁଖେ  
ଉଡ଼ାଣ କରିଥିଲା । ପ୍ରଥମ ଦିନରେ

# ବସ୍ତୁନି ବୋଲେ: ଗଣଶିକ୍ଷା ବିଭାଗକୁ ରିପୋର୍ଟ ତଳବ

## ଆବେଦନକାରୀଙ୍କ ପକ୍ଷରୁ ହାଇକୋର୍ଟରେ ସତ୍ୟପାଠ ଦାଖଲ

## କଟକ ପଦ୍ମ, ୧୯୮



ପାଇଁ କାହାର ପାଇଁ କୁହାୟାଇଥିଲା ।  
ଏପରି କି ସ୍ଵାତ ଗଠନ ସମ୍ପର୍କରେ  
୧୦ଦିନ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଗଣଶିକ୍ଷା ଭିତାଗ  
ନିକଟରେ ରିପୋର୍ଟ ଦାଖଲ  
କରିବା ପାଇଁ କୁହାୟାଇଥିଲା । କିନ୍ତୁ  
ଏହାକୁ ଅଧିକାରୀ ଜିଲ୍ଲାପାଳ ଓ  
ଶିକ୍ଷାଧିକାରୀମାନେ ଅନୁପାଳନ  
ଆବେଦନକାରୀ ଶର୍ମା ସତ୍ୟପାଠୀରେ  
ଛନ୍ତି । ଆବେଦନକାରୀଙ୍କ ସତ୍ୟପାଠୀ  
ନିକରି କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକାରୀ ମୁଖ୍ୟ ବିଚାରପତି  
ବିଚାରପତି ସଙ୍ଗମ କୁମାର ସାହୁ  
ଏକୁ ହାଲକୋର୍ଟଙ୍କ ଆବେଶ ଅନୁପାଳନ  
ଓ ରିପୋର୍ଟ ସତ୍ୟପାଠୀ ଆକାରରେ  
ପାଇଁ ଆବେଶ ଦେଇଛନ୍ତି । ମାର୍ଚ୍ଚ ୨୯  
କର୍ତ୍ତା ଶୁଣାଣି ପାଇଁ ଦିନଧାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ହୋଇଛି ।

# ଶିଖିତମାନୀ

(କ୍ରମେ ଲୋକମୁଖୀରୁ ଓ ଜନମାନିଷରୁ ଦ୍ୱାରା ହେଉଥିବା ତତ୍ତ୍ଵାଳକ୍ଷ୍ୟା ପାଠିକା-ପାଠକଙ୍କ  
ନିକଟରେ ପହଞ୍ଚାଇବା ସକାଶେ ଧରିତ୍ରାର ପ୍ରୟୋଗ)

ତାଙ୍ଗୋରେ ଦେଲ ଦହ୍ନ  
ବାସି ଧୋବ ଲୁଗା ପିକିବା ପାଇଁ  
ଧୋବଣୀ ସାଙ୍ଗରେ ସହୀ ।

ଯା'ଠାରୁ ଯାହାର କିଛି ପାଇଦା ପାଇବାର ଆଶା ଥାଏ ତାକୁ ସେ ସବଦା ନିଜ ହାତମୂଳାରେ ଧରିବାକୁ ଚେଷ୍ଟା କରିଥାଏ । ଏପରିକି ତା'ର ମନ ଜାଣି କିଛି କିନ୍ତୁ ଉପହାର ଦେଇ ତା'ରେ ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧ ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧ ବଢ଼ିଥାଏ । ନିଜର ସ୍ଵାର୍ଥିକିତା ପାଇଁ ପରକୁଆପଣାର କରାଯିବା ଭଲି ଧୋବଣୀ ପାଖରୁଧୁଆଲୁ ପାଇବା ଆଶାରେ ତାକୁ ମନେଇ ବା ହାତେଇ ରଖିବା ଅର୍ଥରେ ଏତକି ଉଚ୍ଚି ଉଲ୍ଲେଖ କରାଯାଇଲା

ତୋ ଦୁଃଖ ଦେ  
ଥିଲ ଥିଲ ହୀ

ହୃଦୟ ଯେତେ କୋମଳ ତା'ର ମନ ଅ-

ଉପରେ ଦୁଃଖ କିପି ପାହୁଣ୍ଡାର ଦେଖୁଳେ ତାଙ୍କ ମନରେ କୋହ୍ନ ସୁଷ୍ଠୁ ହେବା ସବ୍ବ ଆଖୁରୁ ମାତ୍ର ବାହାରି ଆସିଥାଏ । ସମଦରଦୀ ବ୍ୟକ୍ତି ଅନ୍ୟର ଦୁଃଖ କଷ୍ଟକୁ ସହ୍ୟ କରି ପାରୁନ ଥିବା ଅର୍ଥରେ ଏହା ଉଚ୍ଛିପି ପ୍ରକାଶ କରାଯାଇଛି ।

-ଶ୍ରୀମତୀ ପଦ୍ମମଣ୍ଡଳୀ

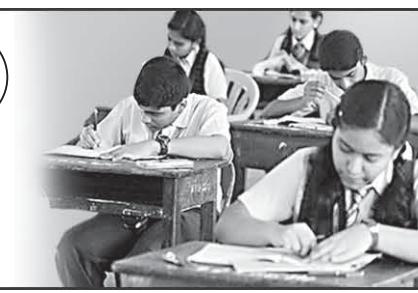












## ଦ୍ୱିତୀୟ ଭାଷା ଇଂରାଜୀ (SECOND LANGUAGE ENGLISH)

Full Marks - 100

Candidates are required to write the answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks. Answer all questions as directed.

### PART - I (OBJECTIVE)

1. Answer the following questions, each in a word or a phrase. [1×5=5]

- (i) Why did the boys go out?
  - (ii) What was the ambition of the greatest man of our generation?
  - (iii) What brought Kapil into national focus?
  - (iv) What harm can inhalation of polluted air do?
  - (v) Who is the speaker of the essay "School's Goodbye"?
2. Answer the following questions, each in a word or a phrase. [1×5=5]

- (i) Where do rushes grow?
- (ii) Who was forced to go?
- (iii) What does the mother address her daughter?
- (iv) Where does the brook join the brimming river?
- (v) What is the virtuous soul compared to?

3. Fill in the blanks with right words. [1×5=5]

- (i) God has given \_\_\_\_\_ to the little birds.
- (ii) The little girl's \_\_\_\_\_ made Wordsworth glad.
- (iii) The expression \_\_\_\_\_ means the music of nature.
- (iv) The brook hurries down by thirty \_\_\_\_\_.
- (v) The root of the rose lies in the \_\_\_\_\_.

4. Answer the following questions, each in a word or a phrase. [1×5=5]

- (i) Who were Timothy's companions at home?
- (ii) Who chopped wood for Lushkoff?
- (iii) Why did the old aunt ask Junman for some money?
- (iv) What was the only thing men called their own during grandfather's time?

(v) How much did the traveller give to the children?

5. Fill in the blanks with correct words. [1×5=5]

- (i) Grandfather smacked the tiger across the mouth to keep him \_\_\_\_\_.
- (ii) At first Timothy was brought up entirely on \_\_\_\_\_.
- (iii) The beggar was looking like a \_\_\_\_\_.
- (iv) Samjhoo put a double load on the bullock during the \_\_\_\_\_.

(v) In grandfather's time \_\_\_\_\_ was free.

6. Fill in the blanks using the correct forms of words given in brackets. [1×5=5]

- (i) I helped him but he has no \_\_\_\_\_. (oblige)
- (ii) You can not \_\_\_\_\_ (success) unless you work hard.
- (iii) The step taken by the government is very \_\_\_\_\_ (effect).

(iv) The people supported the leader \_\_\_\_\_. (stalwart).

(v) I don't like his \_\_\_\_\_. (involve) in my affairs.

7. Do as directed. [1×5=5]

- (i) My father returned at midnight. I was sleeping then. (Join the sentences using an adverb clause)
- (ii) Somebody \_\_\_\_\_ the police. (Fill in the gap adding suitable negative prefix to 'informed')

(iii) The trees lost all their leaves. (Express the idea emphatically with negative words)

(iv) She writes fast. She writes legibly. (Join the sentences using 'not only..... but also')

(v) The boy went on running. He was tired. (Join the sentences using 'although')

8. Do as directed. [1×5=5]

- (i) I \_\_\_\_\_ (be) fifteen next week. (Use the correct form of the verb)
- (ii) We proved him wrong. (Write the pattern of the sentence)

(iii) He as well as his brothers \_\_\_\_\_ (is/are) responsible for it. (Choose the correct alternative)

(iv) I enjoy \_\_\_\_\_. (swim) in the river. (Use the correct non-finite form of the verb)

(v) The road goes \_\_\_\_\_. the tunnel. (Fill in the gap with a suitable preposition)

9. Do as directed. [1×5=5]

- (i) The plane took \_\_\_\_\_ in time. (Fill in the gap with a particle)
- (ii) It is not clear \_\_\_\_\_. (Complete the sentence with a noun clause)

(iii) If I \_\_\_\_\_ (win) a lottery, I would give up my job. (Use the correct form of the verb)

(iv) We admire the pictures. You drew them yourself. (Join the sentences using a relative clause)

(v) He said to his friend, "Good Morning". (Turn into indirect speech)

10. Translate into English. [1×5=5]

ଆଶିଷ ସ୍କୁଲରେ ଭଲ ବାହକର କରେ। ସେ ଶ୍ରେଣେରେ କେବେ ବିଶ୍ଵାସ କରେ ନାହିଁ। ସେ ସ୍କୁଲରେ ଠିକ୍ ସମୟରେ ଯାଏ। ସେ ଶୁଭାକାମରେ ଆଶାଧାନ ଅବେ। ସେ ତା'ର ଗୃହକାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ମଧ୍ୟ ଠିକ୍ ଭାବରେ କରିଥାଏ।

Or, ବାପା – ତୁମେ ଏତେବେଳେ ଯାଏ କେହାଠି ଥିଲା ?

ପୁଅ – ସ୍କୁଲରେ ଥିଲା ।

ବାପା – ତୁମେ ମିଛ କହୁଛି ।

ପୁଅ – ବାପା ମୋତେ ବିଶ୍ଵାସ କରୁଛି । ମୁଁ ପଚ କଥା କହୁଛି ।

**PART – II (SUBJECTIVE)**

11. (i) How, according to Lord Eustace Percy, can one achieve success in life? [15]

Or, Who is Sunil Manohar Gavaskar? What was his real intention while he talked to Kapil Dev in a Wills Trophy Match?

(ii) What is the composition of air? When is air said to be polluted? [15]

Or, What accident took place at Bhopal in 1984? What were its tragic consequences?

12. Write an essay, in about 250 words, on any one of the following topics, keeping to the outline given. [12]

(i) Newspapers (Necessity of newspapers - different kinds of newspapers - different types of news - benefits it offers - your opinion)

(ii) Your / My Family (Introduction - members of your family - their occupations - your role in your family - an ideal family)

### ଦ୍ୱିତୀୟ ଭାଷା ଇଂରାଜୀ (SECOND LANGUAGE ENGLISH)

#### Time: 2:30 Hours

Full Marks - 100

Candidates are required to write the answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks. Answer all questions as directed.

#### (iii) Science in Everyday Life

(Science and modern society – things we use everyday – scientific tools and equipments – their advantages and disadvantages – your views on science.)

13. Imagine you are Rajesh K. Das staying at Netaji Subhas hostel, Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Cuttack and your father is Laxmidhar Das of Anandpur, Keonjhar. Write a letter to your father, in about 100 words, requesting him to send some money for joining the school picnic. [10]

Or, Imagine you are Nandita Prusty studying in Raighar High School, Nawarangpur. You face problems in using your school toilets. Write an application to your Headmaster/Headmistress, in about 100 words, requesting him/her to take steps for their maintenance.

14. Read the passage and write its summary in about 60 (sixty) words [8]

Noise pollutes our environment just as much as smoke, foul water, dirty air and litter. It can cause illness and deafness. The human body never gets used to noise. It continues to react even though a person thinks he or she has become accustomed to all the surrounding noises. For instance, Naseer, who lived in an apartment on a busy street, often boasted that he could sleep through any kind of noise. He claimed he just didn't hear it. Well, Naseer could sleep through the roar of traffic and the blare of a television set in the next apartment, but he did not know that while he slept, his body was reacting to the stress of the noise.

A doctor in West Germany, after researching the effects of noise, concluded that sounds heard by persons when they are asleep can cause danger to their hearts and blood vessels. May be this was the reason why Naseer had so many headaches. Noise causes the blood vessels in the brain to expand. It brings no pain.

Or, Suppose you are working as a reporter for 'The Dharitri'. There was a fire-tragedy in your neighbourhood last week. Write a report for newspaper, in about 60 words.

15. Read the passage carefully, answer the questions that follow, each in about 20 words. [2×5]

Mini was a little girl who lived with her grandmother in a little cottage in the country. Near the cottage was a good wood and in the wood there was well. Mini often went to well to watch the curious little flies that skimmed on the surface. She asked her grandmother about these flies and the old woman said that they kept the well clean. When the water was made muddy by the birds that came to drink in it, the flies went skimming over the well to make the water clean again.

Mini often went to the well and did her best to keep it clean. She cleared away the weeds that were growing round it, and planted pretty flowers, and she also put pretty stones round the well. As the water running from the well spread out over the ground and made a little marsh, Mini dug a channel with her spade, and the water ran along it. The birds then began to drink from the little stream, and the well was always clean.

#### Questions

- (i) Who else was there in Mini's family?
- (ii) Why did Mini use to go to the well in the forest?
- (iii) Who made the water of the well dirty?
- (iv) How did Mini make the well a clean and beautiful place?
- (v) What was the place like where Mini's family was living?

#### ANSWER: PART – I (OBJECTIVE)

1. (i) to collect frozen pearls (ii) to wipe every tear from every eye (iii) excellent performance in the Wills Trophy match (iv) respiratory disorder, scratchy throat and eye irritation (v) Lord Eustace Percy

2. (i) by the water (ii) John, the cottage girl's brother (iii) honey child (iv) near Philip's farm (v) seasoned timber

3. (i) tiny wings (ii) beauty (iii) forest notes (iv) hills (v) grave

4. (i) Toto and mongrel puppy (ii) Olga (iii) to cook and eat separately (iv) labour (v) a penny

5. (i) quiet (ii) milk (iii) scarecrow (iv) fourth trip (v) land

6. (i) obligation (ii) succeed (iii) effective (iv) stalwartly (v) involvement

7. (i) My father returned at the midnight when I was sleeping. (ii) misinformed (iii) Not a leaf remained on the trees. (iv) She writes not only fast but also legibly. (v) The boy went on running although he was tired.

8. (i) will be (ii) SVOC (iii) is (iv) swimming (v) through

9. (i) off (ii) who has done it. (iii) won (iv) We admire the pictures which you drew yourself. (v) He greeted his friend/He wished his friend a good morning.

10. Ashish behaves well at school. He never makes a noise in the class. He goes to school in good time. He is obedient to his teachers. He also does his homework sincerely.

Or, Father – Where have you been so long? Son – I have been to school.

Father – You are telling a lie.

Son – Father, believe me. I am telling the truth.

#### ANSWER: PART – II (SUBJECTIVE)

11. (i) Success in life comes to those who work hard and continue learning. It largely depends on good health. One must keep one's body fit by cleanliness, fresh air, regular habits, suitable recreations. One must avoid smoking and drinking for success in life.

Or, Sunil Manohar Gavaskar is a great batsman of India. He is the author of the essay Kapil Dev. In the Wills Trophy match he suggested Kapil to bowl coming close to the stumps so that his outswinger would be more effective. Unfortunately some players in Kapil's team thought of

Gavaskar's gamesmanship. But his real intention was to promote Kapil's bowling.

12. Air is a mixture of gases comprising of 78 per cent nitrogen, 21 per cent oxygen and a little less than 1 per cent argon together with 0.03 per cent of carbon dioxide. As long as this composition is maintained, the air is pure. When oxygen level gets reduced or any other irritating gases enter the atmosphere, the air is said to be polluted.

Or,

A tragic industrial accident took place in a chemical plant operated by Union Carbide at Bhopal in 1984. Deadly gas from the plant escaped into the atmosphere. As a result it killed over 4000 local people and made a large number of people of the city blind and disabled.

13. (i) Newspaper is the powerful means of communication. It can shake the very foundation of the government. The newspaper helps in preparing public opinion. It has become so important in our life that we can miss our meals for the whole day but not daily newspaper.

Newspapers are of many types. They are daily, weekly, economy-based and employment newspaper. In most of the leading newspapers, we find all national and international news. Newspapers can be availed in Hindi, English and all other regional languages. Press is the only medium of detailed news. The demands of newspapers are so high that we may find two or three types of newspapers in a single home.

Newspapers provide not only news but a lot of information and current topics which are helpful in career making. Question papers of many competitive examinations are beneficial for new aspirants. We find a lot of subject matters in geography, history, political science, literature, philosophy, economics or business etc. Newspaper is the cheap and best means of advertisement for all sections of society. Informations regarding results and vacancies are also available in almost all the newspapers.

It is an age of newspaper. They are the part and parcel of the modern civilization. A day without a newspaper is stale and tasteless. A newspaper is the mirror of all world news or events. It covers both news and views of global importance.

In modern time the role of press is very crucial (important). Newspapers can lead us towards a right direction. So everyone should make it a habit of reading newspaper.

14. (i) Family is as old as the human civilization. It is the smallest social unit where inmates live amicably and in the spirit of love, affection and sacrifice. It is the oldest organised institution of man. It is the base on which the pyramid of human civilization stands proudly and gloriously.

I belong to a Khandayat middle-class family. Our family go by the surname 'Badajena'. It is a small and sweet family of six members. They are my grandmother, father, mother, my two sisters and I, the youngest member. Being the youngest one, I am showered on with love and affection. In return I pay due regards to the senior members.

My grandmother is a sexagenarian. She has been living a widowed life since grandfather parted from her in 2014. She is a strong and stout lady. Her smiling face radiates eternal joy. She is clothed in white. In her hey days, she used to one of the prettiest women. Being gifted with intellect and cleverness we seek her advice and guidance in the matters of difficulties.

Next to her is my mother. She is the pivot of our family. She is on the wrong side of forty. She has a rosy complexion. She looks rather beautiful for her age. She possesses a slim but energetic figure. She works in a Government Girls' High School. I sometimes wonder when I notice her amazing adaptability in various work. Before she sets out for her school, she sweeps, cleans, cooks and serves meals. After her return from school, she is usually wrapped up in preparation of dinner besides guarding my lessons regularly.

My father is working as a manager in a private company. He is a jolly-dog. His sense of humour is wonderful. He hardly finds time for us to attend to our education. Yet he prefers to spend time with us during festivities and open-field amusements. He is strictly a disciplinarian.









ପରିଚ୍ଛିହନିଲା ଭାରତ ୬'

ଶ୍ରୀରତ୍ନ, ୨୩୧: ଏଠାରେ ରଦ୍ଦିବାର  
ଖେଳାଯାଇଥିବା ଭାବୁ ଅନ୍ତର୍ଦ୍ଦୟିତାକ  
ଦିନିକା ମ୍ୟାରେ ମୂଳିକାଷ ଏ' ୫

ରନରେ ଭାରତ ଏ'କୁ ହରାଇ ଦେଇଲା  
ଫଳରେ ମାୟାର କଣ୍ଠିକୁ ଘରୋର  
ମୂଳିକାଷ ଏ' ୨-୧ ବ୍ୟବଧାରରେ  
ପିଲା କହୁଥାର ଭାବାନାକାର ଭାରତମ୍ୟ

ଦିନକୁ ମ୍ୟାର କଣ୍ଠିକା ପାଇଁ ଅତିମ ଉଦ୍ଦରରେ  
୨ ରନ ଦରାକାର ଥିଲା । ସେତେବେଳେ

ଭାରତ ଏ' ରନକେଟ ହରାଇ

ସାଥିଥାବେଳେ ଭାଣନ କିମନ ୨୦ ରନ

କିମି ଅପରାଜିତ ଥିଲେ ମାତ୍ର ଉଦ୍ଦର

ଦିନକୁ କହଇ କିମନ ଏକ ସିଲାଲ

ନେଇଥିଲୋ ପରବର୍ତ୍ତୀ ଦୂର ବଳରେ

ଦୂର ବ୍ୟାହମାନ ଆଗର ହୋଇଥିଲେ ।

ଫଳରେ ୧୯.୪ ଉଦ୍ଦରରେ ୨୨୫

ରନରେ ଅଳିଆରନ ହୋଇଯାଇଥିଲା ।

ଦଳ ପାଇଁ ରନ ଫଳ ବ୍ୟାହମାନ ପ୍ରଥମ

ଶ' ୫୫, ଭ୍ରାଜାର ଗାହାକୁ ତତ୍ତ୍ଵରେ ୪୪ ଓ

ଅକ୍ଷେତ୍ର ପଟେଳ ୨୨୨ ରନ କିମିଥିଲେ ।

କିମି ମ୍ୟାରେ ଅଭିଜାତ କାରିନ କେମିନାନ

୪ ରନ ଏକାର ପଟେଳ ଏକ ରନକେଟ

ହାଇଲେଟ୍‌ରେ ପ୍ରତିକୁ ଆମାର ପାଇଁ

ପ୍ରଥମ ବ୍ୟାହମାନ ଏକାର କାରିନ ପାଇଁ

କିମି ମ୍ୟାର ଅଭିଜାତ କାରିନ କାରିନ ଏକାର

କିମି ମ୍ୟାର ଏକାର କାରିନ ଏକାର

କିମ

